S05140 Text:

STATE OF NEW YORK 5140--B 2019-2020 Regular Sessions IN SENATE April 11, 2019 Introduced by Sens. KAVANAGH, BIAGGI, KRUEGER, MYRIE, RAMOS, SALAZAR -read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Education -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -recommitted to the Committee on Education in accordance with Senate Rule 6, sec. 8 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee AN ACT to amend the education law, in relation to the use of biometric identifying technology The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows: 1 Section 1. The education law is amended by adding a new section 2-e to 2 read as follows: 3 § 2-e. Use of biometric identifying technology. 1. As used in this 4 section: a. "biometric identifying technology" shall mean any tool using an 5 6 automated or semi-automated process that assists in verifying a person's identity based on a person's biometric information. 7 8 b. "biometric information" shall mean any measurable physical, physio-9 logical or behavioral characteristics that are attributable to a person, 10 including but not limited to facial characteristics, fingerprint charac-11 teristics, hand characteristics, eye characteristics, vocal character-12 istics, and any other characteristics that can be used to identify a 13 person including, but are not limited to: fingerprints; handprints; 14 retina and iris patterns; DNA sequence; voice; gait; and facial geom-15 <u>etry.</u> 16 c. "facial recognition" shall mean any tool using an automated or 17 semi-automated process that assists in uniquely identifying or verifying 18 a person by comparing and analyzing patterns based on the person's face. 19 2. Public and nonpublic elementary and secondary schools, including charter schools, shall be prohibited from purchasing or utilizing biome-20 EXPLANATION--Matter in *italics* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted. LBD10753-13-0

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1	tais identifiin to be for an annual including about consite
1 2	tric identifying technology for any purpose, including school security, until July first, two thousand twenty-two or until the commissioner
2	authorizes such purchase or utilization as provided in subdivision three
4	of this section, whichever occurs later.
5	3. a. The commissioner shall not authorize the purchase or utilization
6	of biometric identifying technology, including but not limited to facial
7	recognition technology, without first issuing a report prepared in
8	consultation with the department's chief privacy officer, making recom-
9	mendations as to the circumstances in which the utilization of such
10	technology is appropriate in public and nonpublic elementary and second-
11 12	ary schools, including charter schools, and what restrictions and guide-
13	<u>lines should be enacted to protect individual privacy, civil rights, and</u> <u>civil liberty interests. Such report shall be made public and presented</u>
14	to the governor, the temporary president of the senate, and the speaker
15	of the assembly, and shall consider, evaluate and present recommenda-
16	tions concerning:
17	i. the privacy implications of collecting, storing, and/or sharing
18	biometric information of students, teachers, school personnel and the
19	general public entering a school or school grounds;
20	ii. the potential impact of the use of biometric identifying technolo-
21	gy on student civil liberties and student civil rights, including the
22 23	risks and implications of the technology resulting in false facial iden- tifications, and whether the risks of false facial identifications
24	differs for different subgroups of individuals based on race, national
25	origin, gender, age and other factors, and any other reasonable accuracy
26	concerns with respect to technology;
27	iii. whether, and under what circumstances, such technology may be
28	used for school security and the effectiveness of such technology to
29	<pre>protect students and school personnel;</pre>
30	iv. whether, and under what circumstances and in what manner, informa-
31	tion collected may be used by schools and shared with students, parents
32 33	or guardians, outside agencies including law enforcement agencies, indi- viduals, litigants, the courts, and any other third parties;
34	v. the length of time biometric information may be retained and wheth-
35	er, and in what manner, such information may be required to be perma-
36	nently destroyed;
37	vi. the risk of an unauthorized breach of biometric information and
38	<u>appropriate consequences therefor;</u>
39	vii. expected maintenance costs resulting from the storage and use of
40	facial recognition images and other biometric information, including the
41 42	<u>cost of appropriately securing sensitive data, performing required</u>
43	<u>updates to protect against an unauthorized breach of data, and potential</u> <u>costs associated with an unauthorized breach of data;</u>
44	viii. analysis of other schools and organizations, if any, that have
45	implemented facial recognition technology and other biometric identify-
46	<u>ing technology programs;</u>
47	ix. the appropriateness and potential implications of using any exist-
48	ing databases, including but not limited to, local law enforcement data-
49	bases, as part of biometric identifying technology;
50	x. whether, and in what manner such biometric identifying technology
51 52	should be assessed and audited, including but not limited to, vendor datasets, adherence to appropriate standards of algorithmic fairness,
53	accuracy, and other performance metrics, including with respect to
54	subgroups of persons based on race, national origin, gender, and age;

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l	1	xi. whether, and in what manner, the use of such technology should be
l	2	disclosed by signs and the like in such schools, as well as communicated
l	3	to parents, guardians, students, and district residents; and
l	4	xii. existing legislation, including but not limited to section 2-d of
	5	this article, that may be implicated by or in conflict with biometric
	6	technology to ensure the maintenance of records related to the use of
	7	such technology, protect the privacy interests of data subjects, and
	8	avoid any breaches of data.
	9	b. The commissioner shall consult with stakeholders and other inter-
l	10	ested parties when preparing such report. The office of information
	11	technology, the division of criminal justice services, law enforcement
	12	authorities and the state university of New York and the city university
	13	of New York shall, to the extent practicable, identify and provide
	14	representatives to the department, at the request of the commissioner,
	15	in order to participate in the development and drafting of such report.
	16	4. The commissioner shall, via scheduled public hearings and other
	17	outreach methods, seek feedback from teachers, school administrators,
	18	parents, individuals with expertise in school safety and security, and
	19	individuals with expertise in data privacy issues and student privacy
	20	issues, and individuals with expertise in civil rights and civil liber-
	21	ties prior to making such recommendations.
	22	§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.